Enhancing Reviews and Surveillance to Eliminate Maternal Mortality (ERASE-MM): MMRIA and DVIII States Update Meeting Notes 9/10/2020

- Funding and technical assistance
 - 24 awards / 25 states (MT was not awarded)
 - o Awards made in Sept 2019
 - Ongoing technical assistance and training to all MMRCs
- 47 existing MMRCs in the U.S. and 44 use MMRIA to guide deliberation
 - Provides data standardization
 - o Provides a comprehensive picture across multiple jurisdictions
 - Recipients and CDC analyze date and share findings with stakeholders to inform policy and prevention strategies
- Between 2008-2016, four states (Hawaii, Arizona, Colorado, Utah) provided data on 59 pregnancy related deaths.
 - Data on 59 pregnancy related deaths:
 - 28% died while pregnant
 - 28% died within 42 days
 - 44% died with 43 days- 1 year
 - Leading cause of death pregnancy-related deaths in District VIII:
 - 43% Mental Health Conditions
 - 11% Cardiovascular Conditions (includes cardiomyopathy)
 - 11% Hemorrhage
 - 9% Embolism
 - Utah has established a Pregnancy-relatedness Criteria for Mental Health-related deaths including overdose and suicide:
 - Pregnancy complications
 - Chain of events initiated by pregnancy
 - Aggravation of an unrelated condition by the physiologic effects of pregnancy
 - Causes of pregnancy-related deaths due to mental health conditions in District
 VIII
 - 52% Suicide
 - 26% Unintentional overdose
 - 22% Missing/unknown
 - MMRIA data, submitted by the four District VIII states show:
 - 80% where preventable (vs 66% national)
 - 18% not preventable (vs 29% national)
- Contributing Factors & Recommendations for Actions:
 - Access to clinical care
 - Expand office hours, increase numbers of providers who accept Medicaid

- Unstable housing
- Prioritize pregnant women for temp housing program
- Inadequate transportation
 - Strengthen systems that link person to affordable transportation
- Obesity and associated chronic illness
 - Improve access to healthy food options. Improve education of healthy eating.
- State Presentations: Key Points
 - Alaska has been reviewing deaths since the 1990's. They have approximately 8-12 a year.
 - Arizona focuses on socio-economic networks to provide robust recommendations.
 - British Columbia has been reviewing deaths since 1936 and follows the Australian and New Zealand perinatal questionnaire.
 - Colorado has been reviewing deaths since 1950's and public health since 1980.
 They are currently looking more into systematic racism regarding maternal mortality.
 - Montana is currently implementing the MMRIA system and working with the CDC to move forward. A small number of cases and are working on collaborations with Utah and Wyoming.
 - New Mexico is working with NMDOT and comparing automobile accidents relatable to maternal mortality.
- Areas of concern across the board include confidentiality issues as well as emotional and mental support for committee members.